13. Hardwarganj Thermal Power Project, Kasimpur.
14. Obra Hydel Thermal Power Project, Mirzapur.
15. Panki Thermal Power Station, Kanpur.
16. HMT, Ranibagh.
17. Rihand Super Thermal Power Project, Mirzapur.
18. Indian Telephone Industries, Raibarelli.
19. Anpara Thermal Power Project, Mirzapur.
20. Tanda Thermal Power Project, Faizabad.
21. ITI, Manakpur.
22. Narora Atomic Power Project, Narora.
23. ONGC Dehradun.
24. BHEL, Jagdishpur.
25. Kanakpur Hydro Electric Project, Banabasa.
26. Rihand Hydel Power Project, Pipri.
27. Feroze Gandhi Unchahar Thermal Power Project, Raibarelli.
28. Triveni Structurals Limited, Naini.
29. Auriya Gas Based Power Project, Itawah.
30. NCT Thermal Power Project, Ghaziabad.
31. Tehri Hydro Electric Power Project.
32. IFFCO, Anola.
33. IFFCO, Phulpur, Allahabad.
34. U.P. Petrochemical Complex, Pata.

[English]

Amendment in Drug Price and Control Order

3594. SHRI SARAT PATTANAYAK : Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering to amend the Drug (Price and Control) Order and set up a National Drug Council Authority;

(b) if so, the salient features thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI SIS RAM OLA) : (a) to (c) For streamlining the pricing and monitoring mechanism for bulk drugs and formulations and making it more effective as envisaged in the "Modifications in Drug Policy, 1986", a National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority (NPPA) is being set up and is expected to become functional in the near future. This does not need any amendment in DPCO, 1995. which has been promulgated in accordance with the provisions as contained in the 'Modifications in Drug Policy, 1986'.

Land Allotment to Uprooted Families

3595. SHRI MANGAT RAM SHARMA : Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state :

(a) the total number of families uprooted during the 1971 War in Jammu & Kashmir;

(b) the area of land to be allotted to each family for their settlement in Jammu & Kashmir;

(c) the total deficiency of land as per fixed scale of land to be allotted;

(d) whether any scheme has been formulated by the Government for cash compensation @Rs. 5000/- per kanal to meet the deficiency; and

(e) the total amount involved in the scheme and the amount released to the State Government for disbursement to displaced persons and time by which the remaining amount will be released?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MOHD. MAQBOOL DAR) : (a) to (e) About 3,800 families were uprooted in Jammu and Kashmir during the 1971 Indo-Pak War. The agricultural families among those displaced were eligible for land at the scale of 4 acres (Abi) or 6 acres (Khuski). Since the State Government was not in a position to allot land to the agricultural families to the full scale, an administrative sanction was issued by the Govt. of India in 1990 for providing cash compensation in lieu of deficiency in the allottable scale of land as verified by the State Government subject to a maximum of Rs. 5000/- per kanal, the maximum rate being permissible only to those families in whose areas the rate of land was Rs. 5000/- per kanal or more. The total number of families to be benefitted was not to exceed 699, which was the figure originally intimated by the State Government. Claims for payment of compensation for land deficiency are being received from the Government of J & K. During the last financial year an amount of Rs. 1 crore was released to the State Government under this scheme. Another claim has been received during the current financial year for an amount of Rs. 1.80 crore and the same is being processed. The total deficiency of land as per the fixed scale and the total amount of compensation involved are being worked out by the Government of J & K.